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REMARKS

Claims 1-16 are pending in this application.

Specification and Claims

Minor changes have been made to the specification to place it in better form for U.S.

practice.

Further, minor changes have been made to the pending claims, without affecting the

scope thereof, to place them in better form for U.S. practice.

Double Patenting

Claims 1-16 have been provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-

type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 15-29 of copending application

No. 11/629,351.

Since this is a provisional double patenting rejection, Applicants prefer to respond to this

rejection when this rejection becomes the only issue remaining in the present application.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102/103

Claims 1-3, 8, 9, and 12-15 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being (a)

anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Schlager et al. (US 2003/0164308). This rejection is respectfully traversed.

Claim 1 has been amended to claim:

wherein the control unit is configured to, in a period from one voltage polarity

reversal to a next voltage polarity reversal, operate the drive circuit, from when the

polarity of the voltage applied between the electrode is reversed until a predetermined

period elapses, in a first current mode in which a value of a current flowing between the

electrodes equals a first value, and operates the drive circuit thereafter in a second current

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mode in which a value of the current flowing between the electrodes equals a second

current value smaller than the first current value.

In the Office Action, the Examiner states "[T] reference fails to disclose the function

recitation of the current modes having different values. It has been well settled that such

functional recitation are given little or no patentable weight in device claims."

Applicants submit that according to claim 1 of the present application, in the period after

the polarities of the electrodes are reversed one time until they are reversed the next time (i.e., in

each periods T1 to T5 shown in Fig. 4), switching is made from the first current mode to the

second current mode (the second value) is made smaller than the current value in the first current

mode (the first value). This stabilizes the metal ion elution after the initial period of voltage

application has passed after the polarity reversal of the voltage applied between the electrodes,

and eliminates a problem of shorter electrode life and a problem of too high elution

concentration of metal ions. This offers the advantage, unique to the present invention, that the

metal ion elution can be performed efficiently and stably over a long period of time (see

paragraphs [0015] and [0016] of the specification), which advantage makes the present invention

patentable.

By contrast, Schlager does not disclose or suggest switching from a first current mode to

a second current mode after one electrode polarity reversal until the next.

Further, the Examiner alleges that "the claims are anticipated since the control circuit of

Schlager is capable of accomplishing the function recited in the claims," and also that "[I]n the

event the functional recitations provide a structural limitation, the Schlager reference further

teaches the modification to control the metal concentration based upon the water being treated by

varying the current and/or flow rate," by referring to paragraph [0057] of the reference.

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Applicants respectfully disagree that the control circuit of Schlager is capable of

accomplishing the claimed function of the present invention at least because Schlager does not

disclose or suggest that the control circuit is "configured to" (i.e., programmed to) accomplish

the claimed function.

What Schlager discloses in paragraph [0057] is simply varying a current. Accordingly a

modification that a person skilled in the art may conceive from what Schalger discloses in

paragraph [0057] is not "varying of a current that involves switching from a first current mode to

a second current mode during a period after one electrode polarity reversal takes place until the

next does" but "a varying of a current involving keeping the current value constant at least

during a period after one electrode polarity reversal takes place until the next does so that the

current value is varied with that period taken as a minimal unit."

Further, Schlager states discloses in paragraph [0057]:

Current may then be converted to current density based on the area of the electrodes used

in the test.

Therefore, Schlager does not disclose or suggest "in a period from one voltage polarity

reversal to a next voltage polarity reversal, operate the drive circuit, from when the polarity of

the voltage applied between the electrode is reversed until a predetermined period elapses, in a

first current mode in which a value of a current flowing between the electrodes equals a first

value, and operates the drive circuit thereafter in a second current mode in which a value of the

current flowing between the electrodes equals a second current value smaller than the first

current value," as recited in claim 1.

Claims 2, 3, 8, 9, and 12-15, variously dependent on claim 1, are allowable at least for

their dependency on claim 1.

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The Examiner is respectfully requested to reconsider and withdraw this rejection.

(b) Claims 4-7 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Schlager, and further in view of Hayes (USP 6,929,740). This rejection is respectfully

traversed.

Claims 4-7, variously dependent on claim 1, are allowable at least for their dependency

on claim 1.

The Examiner is respectfully requested to reconsider and withdraw this rejection.

(c) Claims 10-11 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Schlager, and further in view of Grundler (USP 4,769,119). This rejection is respectfully

traversed.

Claims 10 and 11, indirectly dependent on claim 1, are allowable at least for their

dependency on claim 1.

The Examiner is respectfully requested to reconsider and withdraw this rejection.

(d) Claim 16 has been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Schlager, and further in view of Ooe et al. (US 2006/0130533). This rejection is respectfully

traversed.

Claim 6, indirectly dependent on claim 1, is allowable at least for its dependency on

claim 1.

The Examiner is respectfully requested to reconsider and withdraw this rejection.

Conclusion

Accordingly, in view of the above amendments and remarks, reconsideration of the

rejections and objections, and allowance of the pending claims are earnestly solicited.

BIRCH, STEWART, KOLASCH & BIRCH, LLP

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application, the Examiner is respectfully requested to contact Maki Hatsumi, Registration No.

40417 at the telephone number of the undersigned below to conduct an interview in an effort to

expedite prosecution in connection with the present application.

If necessary, the Director is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future replies to

Should there be any outstanding matters that need to be resolved in the present

charge any fees required during the pendency of the above-identified application or credit any

overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448.

Dated: June 15, 2010

Respectfully submitted,

for

Charles Gorenstein

Registration No.: 29271

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Attachment: Substitute Specification (Marked-up Copy and Clean Copy)